

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

				_
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/960,452	09/20/2001	Olivier Dovergne	20982-27	6599
116	7590 12/21/2004		EXAMINER	
PEARNE & GORDON LLP 1801 EAST 9TH STREET			PHILOGENE, PEDRO	
SUITE 1200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CLEVELAND, OH 44114-3108			3732	

DATE MAILED: 12/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			$\langle \lambda \wedge \Lambda \rangle$		
	App	olication No.	Applicant(s)		
		960,452	DOVERGNE ET AL.		
Office Action Summar	y Exa	miner	Art Unit		
		ro Philogene	3732		
The MAILING DATE of this con Period for Reply	nmunication appears	on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMI - Extensions of time may be available under the proafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of thi - If the period for reply specified above is less than to the proof for reply is specified above, the maximum of the period for reply within the set or extended period for the period to the period for the	MUNICATION. visions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). Is communication. hirty (30) days, a reply within num statutory period will applor reply will, by statute, cause onths after the mailing date o	in no event, however, may a reply be time the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days y and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 Octobe</u>	<u>er 2004</u> .			
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	2b)☐ This actio	n is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in cond	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the p	practice under Ex pai	rte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-62</u> is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>45,48 and 49</u> is/are al 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15,18-47,50-53,55,5</u> 7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16,17,54,57 and 58</u> is 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to r	_ is/are withdrawn fro lowed. 5 <u>6 and 59-62</u> is/are re /are objected to.	ejected.			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to 10) The drawing(s) filed on is Applicant may not request that any Replacement drawing sheet(s) incl 11) The oath or declaration is object	s/are: a) accepted objection to the drawing the correction is	ng(s) be held in abeyance. See required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a calcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalc	of: ority documents hav ority documents hav pies of the priority do national Bureau (PC	e been received. e been received in Application ocuments have been receive T Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev 	iow (PTO 948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da			
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14 Paper No(s)/Mail Date			atent Application (PTO-152)		

Application/Control Number: 09/960,452

Art Unit: 3732

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-42, 50,52-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 1, 52-62, the term "the gap" lacks prior antecedent basis. In claim 50, the term "bearing surface" lacks prior antecedent basis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-15,18,19,31,32,35-4243,51,52,60-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Laforcade (6,000,405) in view of Magharehi (5,937,866).

With respect to claims 1,43, 51,61,62, De Laforcade discloses a device for applying a substance to the hair, the device comprising a receptacle (2) having a longitudinal axis and configured for containing the substance to be applied, and an applicator portion (22) fixed on the receptacle and having at least one delivery orifice 40) enabling the substance to be delivered, wherein the applicator portion has teeth (27), arranged around a closed oval curve, as set forth in column 3, line 4, each tooth

Application/Control Number: 09/960,452

Art Unit: 3732

having a longitudinal axis, the gap between the teeth being such that they allow hairs to pass between the teeth; as set forth in column 5, lines 35-60.

It is noted that De laforcade did no teach of teeth having longitudinal axis that are substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the receptacle; as claimed by applicant. However, in a similar art, Magharehi evidences the use of teeth having longitudinal axis that are parallel to the longitudinal axis of the receptacle for distribution of hair dye throughout the hair and along the hair shafts.

Therefore, given the teaching of Magharehi, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of De Laforcade, as taught by Magharehi for distribution of hair dye throughout the hair and along the hair shafts.

As to the first position being different from a second position, such that the orifice does not communicate with the substance contained in the receptacle, a plurality of substance delivery ducts and shutters; Magharehi teaches such limitations, in column 4, lines 1-15. As to an intermediate row, Magharehi teaches of an intermediate row as best seen in FIG.3.

With respect to claims 2-15,18,19,31,32,35-42,52,60 De Laforcade discloses all the limitations, as set forth in column 3, lines 1-10; column 5, lines 35-60; and as best seen in FIGS.1-3; and, as set forth in Magharehi column 4, lines 1-15; and as best seen in FIGS.1-3.

Application/Control Number: 09/960,452

Art Unit: 3732

Claims 13,14,20-30,43,44,53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Laforcade (6,000,405) in view of Magharehi (5,937,866) in view of Kajgana (6,062,230).

With respect to the above claims, it is noted that the above combination of references teaches all the limitations, except for an applicator having an internal sealing lip for engaging a skirt of the receptacle when the applicator portion is fixed thereon, and the internal lip defining an inside space that is permanently in communication with the outside via the at least one substance delivery orifice; as claimed by applicant. However, in a similar art, Kajgana evidences the use of an applicator having an internal sealing lip for engaging a skirt of the receptacle when the applicator portion is fixed thereon, and the internal lip defining an inside space that is permanently in communication with the outside via the at least one substance delivery orifice and an adapter having such configurations; as claimed by applicant, to provide a device that enables an even, controlled dye application onto the hair of a user.

Therefore, given the teaching of Kajgana, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of De Laforcade/Magharehi; as taught by Kajgana to provide a device that enables an even, controlled dye application onto the hair of a user.

Claims 33,34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Laforcade (6,000,405) in view of Magharehi (5,937,866) in view of Diaz (5,937,864).

With respect to claims 33,34, it is noted that the above combination of references did not teach of an applicator wherein the receptacle includes a removable cap at an

Application/Control Number: 09/960,452 Page 5

Art Unit: 3732

end opposite from the applicator portion; as claimed by applicant. However, in a similar art, Diaz evidences the use of a device having a cap at an end opposite from the applicator portion for preventing the removal of the liquid and to stand on the plane surface.

Therefore, given the teaching of Diaz, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a cap in the device of De Laforcade/Magharehi, as taught by Diaz, for preventing the removal of the liquid and to be able to stand the device on a plane surface.

Claims 46,47,50,55,56,59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Laforcade (6,000,405) in view of Magharehi (5,937,866) in view of Morganroth (4,273,144).

With respect to the above claims, it is noted that the above combinations of references did not teach of an adapter portion, as claimed by applicant. However, in a similar art, Morganroth, evidences the use of an adapter to improve the applicator liquid spreading ability.

Therefore, given the teaching of Morganroth, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invetion was made to modify the device of De Laforcade/Magharehi; as taught by Morganroth to improve the applicator liquid spreading ability.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 45,48, 49 are allowed.

Claims 16,17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-62 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pedro Philogene whose telephone number is (571) 272-

Art Unit: 3732

4716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin P Shaver can be reached on (571) 272-4720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Pedro Philogene December 14, 2004

PEDRO PHILOGENE